

Episode 1 – Electricity Basics

Dire	ections: Fill in the blan	nk or circle the correct	answer for each questi	on.
	/hich of these carries a) steel pipes b) transmission lines	electricity from power	plants to substations? c) outlets d) windmills	
2. W	hat does a substation	do?		
	nless it's interrupted, a) a route	electricity flows in a cb) a circuit	•	d) an outlet
	lectricity is always lo a) sky	oking for the easiest pa b) plug	ath to the c) house	d) ground
5. W	hat could happen if y	ou touch a circuit in w	which electricity is flow	ing?



Directions: Fill in the blank or circle the correct answer for each question.

Episode 2 – Conductors & Insulators

1. Why are bare electric	cal wires so dangerous	?	
_	sulator, which does <i>no</i> oating on power cords		
3. An example of a goo a) rubber	d conductor that allow b) glass	vs electricity to flo c) water	ow through it easily is d) plastic
4. Why is the human bo	ody a good conductor of	of electricity?	
5. What could happen i	f you overload an outl	et with too many	plugs?



Episode 3 – Outdoor Electrical Safety

ע	Directions: Fill in tr	ie diank of circle the	correct answer for each	question.	
1.	. If a kite you are f	lying gets caught on	a power line, why is it u	nsafe to touch the string?	
2.	. What should you	do before climbing a	ny tree?		
3.	. Why is it unsafe	to climb into an elect	rical substation?		
4.	a) 911 b) 411 c) 811 d) 611	ould you call before y	ou dig?		
5.	Ladders and long a) 10 feet	tools should be kept b) 5 feet	at least how far away fr	om power lines? d) 2 feet	



Electrical & Natural Gas Safety World Video Episode 4 – Indoor Electrical Safety

Study Sheet

Directions: Fill in the blank or circle the correct answer for each question.

1. True or False: If you contact electricity in your home you could be killed.

2. Why is it dangerous to remove stuck toast from a plugged-in toaster with a metal fork?

3. Why is it dangerous to balance a plugged-in blow dryer on the edge of a full bathtub?

4. Why is it dangerous to run a power cord under a rug?

- 5. Which of the following is *not* an electrical hazard?
 - a) a plugged-in curling iron on the edge of a sink full of water
 - b) running the cord to your computer under the rug to the nearest outlet
 - c) removing stuck toast from an unplugged toaster
 - d) two power strips full of plugs that are both plugged into the same outlet



Episode 5 – Fallen Power Lines

Directions: Fill in the blank or circle	e the correct answer for each question.	
If a power line falls on your car, y get out by a) your mom or dad b) utility workers	you are safe in the car and you should st c) anyone inside the car d) anyone outside the car	ay there until you are told to
2. What is the safest way to exit a cadanger?	ar with a power line on it if you must ge	t out due to fire or other
line on it? a) It takes less of your energy. b) You can travel farther that wa c) You might create a spark.	eet together and shuffle away when you ay.	
4. True or False: When leaving a car the same time.	r with a power line on it, it is safe to tou	ch the car and the ground at
5. If you see a fallen power line any a) stay far away b) touch it		d) warn others to stay away



Episode 6 – Natural Gas Basics

Study Sheet

Directions: Fill in the blank or circle the correct answer	for each question.
1. Which of the following is <i>not</i> true about natural gas:a) it is found deep in the earthb) it is produced in electric power plants	c) it comes from fossils d) it has no odor of its own
2. What does a natural gas leak smell like?	
3. What should you do if you smell a gas leak in or arou	and your home?
4. Which of the following is an important safety precaut a) blow out the pilot light in an appliance if you see b) cover your gas water heater with a blanket c) don't put flammable items near the stove or wate d) do not use electricity and natural gas at the same	it r heater
5. What could happen if paint thinner or other flammable heater or stove?	le liquids were to spill near a natural gas water
a) it would smell bad	c) it could cause an explosion or fire

d) you would run out of gas

b) food would burn if you are cooking



Episode 7 – Gas Pipeline Safety

Study Sheet

Directions: Fill in the blank or circle the correct answer for each question.

- 1. When should you call 811?
 - a) in case of any emergency

- c) when your electricity goes out
- b) when you need help finding a phone number
- d) when you are planning a digging project

- 2. What does the 811 service do?
 - a) they loan you digging equipment
 - b) they arrange for local utilities to mark buried lines
 - c) they give you permission to dig on private property
 - d) they repair your gas appliances when they break down
- 3. This episode shows five signs of a natural gas pipeline leak. List at least three of them:
- 4. Which of the following is okay to use near a gas leak?
 - a) flashlight
- c) light switch
- b) cell phone
- d) none of the above
- 5. If you smell a gas leak in your home, you should
 - a) use your phone to call 911 right away
 - b) ignore it and hope it goes away
 - c) go to a neighbor's to call your gas utility
 - d) try to find the leak yourself



Study Sheet Answer Key

Episode 1 – Electricity Basics

- 1. b) transmission lines.
- 2. A substation reduces the strength of high-voltage electricity.
- 3. b) a circuit.
- 4. d) ground.
- 5. If you touch a circuit in which electricity is flowing, electricity will travel through you to the ground and give you a serious or fatal shock.

Episode 2 – Conductors & Insulators

- 1. Bare electrical wires are dangerous because there is no insulating material protecting you from the electricity in the circuit. If you touch a bare wire, you could be shocked.
- 2. a) the plastic-like coating on power cords.
- 3. c) water.
- 4. The human body is a good conductor of electricity because the body is 70% water and water is an excellent conductor.
- 5. If you overload an outlet with too many plugs it could cause a fire.

Episode 3 – Outdoor Electrical Safety

- 1. It is unsafe to touch the string of a kite that is caught on a power line because the electricity in the line could use the string, the kite, and you as its path to the ground, and you could get shocked.
- 2. Before climbing any tree, look all around the tree to make sure there are no power lines running near it.
- 3. It is unsafe to climb into a substation because contacting the equipment inside could shock or kill you.
- 4. c) 811.
- 5. a) 10 feet.

Episode 4 – Indoor Electrical Safety

- 1. True.
- 2. Removing stuck toast from a plugged-in toaster with a metal fork is dangerous because the fork could act as a conductor for the electricity in the toaster, and you could be shocked.
- 3. Balancing a plugged-in blow dryer on the edge of a full bathtub is dangerous because if the dryer falls in, it will energize the water and create a major shock hazard.
- 4. A power cord that is under a rug could get stepped on a lot. This would damage the cord insulation and cause a shock or fire hazard.
- 5. c) removing stuck toast from an unplugged toaster.



Study Sheet Answer Key

Episode 5 – Fallen Power Lines

- 1. b) utility workers.
- 2. The safest way to exit a car with a power line on it is to jump as far away from the car and the power line as you can. Do not touch the car and the ground at the same time. Land with your feet together and shuffle at least 20 yards away.
- 3. d) If your feet remain together your legs cannot form a circuit with the electricity in the ground.
- 4. False.
- 5. b) touch it.

Episode 6 – Natural Gas Basics

- 1. b) it is produced in electric power plants.
- 2. A natural gas leak smells like rotten eggs. (Students might also describe this odor as sulfur-like.)
- 3. If you smell a gas leak in or around your home, leave and call your gas utility from a safe location.
- 4. c) don't put flammable items near the stove or water heater.
- 5. c) it could cause an explosion or fire.

Episode 7 – Gas Pipeline Safety

- 1. d) when you are planning a digging project.
- 2. b) they arrange for local utilities to mark buried lines.
- 3. The signs of a natural gas leak include the following: a smell of rotten eggs; a hissing or roaring sound; dirt being blown into the air; continual bubbling in water; grass or plants that are dead or dying for no apparent reason.
- 4. d) none of the above
- 5. c) go to a neighbor's to call your gas utility.